## Varanasi Smart City moving towards Real Time Operations Management using Esri ArcGIS



## Organization Profile

Varanasi Smart City Limited (VSCL) guards the idea of rejuvenating the city of Varanasi into a great place to live and visit. It targets projects that uplift Varanasi's denizens, upgrade city infrastructure and living standards, and add value to Varanasi's core culture. A Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) mechanism designs and manages IT and non-IT projects under the Smart Cities Mission. The SPV's objective is to fast-track projects that conserve the city's enriched heritage, spirituality, and traditions, while supporting inclusive social or financial solutions.

## Solution

ArcGIS Enterprise with ArcGIS Hub and ArcGIS Desktops

## Highlights

GIS enabled Varanasi Smart City SPV to integrate city's locational data and loT sensor data over GIS base maps and derive real time analytics enforcing efficient decision-making on city management and its operations.

## Project Summary

Varanasi's Pan-City Project follows an area-based development model with the following sub-missions:

1. The Suramya Kashi component capitalizes upon UNESCO's City of Music label. It is rejuvenating the experience of Varanasi's historic temples and riverfront Ghats.
2. The Nirmal Kashi component deals with earth-friendly initiatives. It is rejuvenating sacred water bodies and parks, while inserting efficiency and accountability into water- and waste management solutions.
3. The Surakshit Kashi component focuses on improving the police-citizen interface. It is creating safer public spaces, and proactive emergency response, through analytics-based surveillance.
4. The Samunnat Kashi component aims to create a right-skilled workforce that is healthy and works healthily. It uses smart technology to establish market linkages to promote local artefacts, provide better spaces for work, and enhance the life and health of local workers.
5. The Ekikrit Kashi component digitizes Varanasi's services to ensure transparent access to information, and quality services for all citizens. It employs smart cards and mobile apps to make grievance redressal effective.
6. The Sanyojit Kashi component focuses on generating a customized model of transit and transportation. It is easing congestion, improving last-mile connectivity, and diversifying modes of transport.

## Challenges

Balancing expectations of international audiences and domestic devotees against the needs of Varanasi's citizens has come with its own share of challenges. Virtually every part of India enjoys representation within the old Kashi area. This has generated challenges that affect identification, representation, coordination of city systems.

1. Balancing Varanasi's cultural and spiritual heritage with better administration, operations and holistic development.
2. Mapping overlapping development that has congested the city over several centuries.
3. Managing critical public service infrastructure, including assets related to water, sewage collection and treatment, street lighting, transportation, and parking services.
4. Retaining and managing tourist footfall during the course of smart project implementation.
5. Integrating Smart City projects with other ongoing development projects happening across the city.

## Solution

A customised solution for Varanasi depended on the mammoth task of mapping and overlapping multiple datasets of the city's development. Accordingly, the SPV used ArcGIS Platform Technology to create an enterprise-wide integrated City GIS. In the process, multiple data sources and data levels became available for analysis, including information on administrative boundaries, public services, religious places, education and health, tourism and recreation, transportation, water bodies, and locations of infrastructure related to water, sewerage and drainage systems in the city.
ArcGIS Platform became a digital mesh that superimposed all smart components of the city over a common set of base maps. Some of the smart systems currently improving management and coordination of city services include:

1. Kashi Integrated Command and Control Centre (ICCC): It uses location-based technology to manage traffic safety and city security. The ICCC has also proved to be a versatile mechanism for rapid emergency response. Most recently, authorities converted the Centre into a COVID War Room to survey public places using CCTV, map COVID-19 positive cases using GIS, and locate healthcare workers using GPS.
2. Kashi Solid Waste Management System: It optimizes waste pick-up facilities by using smart sensors on smart waste-bins. The sensors populate the City GIS by generating a real-time status of the bins, and statistical ward-wise overviews of waste dumps. This has helped coordinate waste management in the ward.
3. Kashi Environmental Monitoring System: It maps a real-time feed of air pollution in different parts of the city. Air Quality Monitoring sensors provide valuable information that warns citizens of health-threatening conditions. It also allows authorities to attune traffic and industry with dynamic regulations that keep pollution under control.
4. Integration with Traffic Signals: In most Indian cities, malfunctioning signals invite traffic police to manage traffic, diverting them from their actual policing duties. Devoid of a holistic overview, this manual approach is cumbersome, piecemeal and problematic. In Varanasi, the City GIS system networks smart traffic signals; this helps identify malfunctioning traffic signals on particular corridors and affected flowing traffic.

5. Integration with Smart Streetlights: Real-time mapping of smart streetlights provides civic authorities with live updates on dysfunctional lighting. This promotes citizen confidence by ensuring safer public places that deter crime, or make it easier to identify wrongdoing.

## Benefits

The ArcGIS Platform Technology provides for customized solutions across different localities through loT components. These integrated components generate thematic results in real time.

The system has also proven its flexibility for use in rapid response. In response to COVID-19, Varanasi generated GIS operation dashboards for health services, heat maps for containment zones, and CCTVs to monitor citizen movement and social distancing. The Platform also helped manage health response; it used drones to sanitize hotspots, established telemedicine facilities for remote health care and diagnosis, while also analysing infrastructure availability to address the health crisis.

Better and location-customized experiences await all citizens of Varanasi. Beyond improving the urban environment, GIS has now equipped the city with options to minimise air pollution, improve water management, create safer public areas, and respond intelligently to emergencies. The technology is steadily ensuring that this potpourri of culture maintains its rich heritage while assuring Varanasi's denizens the benefits of a new Indian urbanism.

1. Actionable insight: Authorities use spatial analytics powered by GIS to harness real-time data, and design better decision support systems. In the process, authorities are gaining actionable insight for informed decision-making.
2. Improved business processes and workflows: Smart integration of different features over a common GIS platform has standardised procedures across different departments. Inter-department collaboration has improved through geospatial mapping and geo-tagging of city assets.
3. Improved asset management: An Enterprise-integrated GIS provides insights into use patterns of civic assets to improve urban planning in Varanasi. For water and sewerage systems, geospatial utility asset management is helping authorities operate and manage utilities in a better way.
